BTCVSS801C Higher Surveying

Question Bank

Module I

- 1. What is Higher Surveying and its applications?
- 2. What are the types of sensors used in higher surveying?
- 3. Enumerate in detail the type of surveys used in higher surveying.
- 4. What are the pro and cons of higher surveying?
- 5. What are the fundamental requirements of higher surveying?
- 6. What are the differences between basic surveying and higher surveying?
- 7. Explain platform requirements for higher surveying.
- 8. Describe the connection of basic surveying with higher surveying.
- 9. What is the scale and resolution of surveying higher surveys?
- 10. Explain in detail about role of coordinate systems in mapping for Earth surface.

Module II

- 11. Explain in detail about fundamentals of astronomy.
- 12. What are the applications of astronomy in higher surveying?
- 13. Explain in detail about fundamental concepts of error, accuracy, and error propagation.
- 14. What are applications of error propagation
- 15. Explain observation equation method of adjustments.
- 16. Write in detail about Condition Equation Method.
- 17. Write a short note on Combined Method of adjustments.
- 18. What are working principles of Global Positioning System (GPS)?
- 19. What are the applications of Global Positioning System (GPS)?
- 20. Explain pros and cons of using Global Positioning System (GPS) in higher surveying.

Module III

- 21. What are the application of photogrammetry in higher surveying?
- 22. Write a short note on Vertical photogrammetry.
- 23. Explain stereo photogrammetry in higher surveying.
- 24. Write a detailed account of Analytical photogrammetry.
- 25. Explain in detail about Affine mathematical model of photogrammetry.
- 26. Explain in detail about Conformal and Rational functional model (RFM) mathematical model of photogrammetry.
- 27. State and explain direct linear transformations.
- 28. State and explain the photogrammetric products.
- 29. Explain the process of image matching in photogrammetry.
- 30. Explain in detail about close range and terrestrial photogrammetry mapping.

Module IV

- 31. Explain in detail radar image interpretation and its applications.
- 32. Explain in detail about workings of RADAR system.

- 33. What are the characteristic features of LiDAR data derived DEM's?
- 34. Explain detailed account of LiDAR Technique and its applications in higher surveying.
- 35. What are the major differences between RADAR vs. LiDAR?
- 36. What are the major differences between Traditional Photogrammetry vs. LiDAR?
- 37. What are the applications of RADAR from a geoscience perspective?
- 38. What are the applications of Higher Surveying techniques for Archaeological Surveys?
- 39. What are the fundamentals of RADAR?
- 40. Explain the procedure of information extraction from LiDAR data.

Module V

- 41. What are the fundamental concepts of the hydrographic survey?
- 42. Explain in detail about field procedures for hydrographic surveying.
- 43. State and explain modern techniques for hydrographic Survey.
- 44. What are the applications of Higher Surveying techniques for Cadastral survey and building detection and extraction.
- 45. What are the applications of Higher Surveying techniques for 3D mapping?
- 46. Explain the procedure of virtual model development.
- 47. Explain applications of Higher Surveying techniques for Geomorphological features mapping.
- 48. What are the applications of Higher Surveying techniques for measurements of surface deformation and plate tectonic movement?
- 49. Write a short note on compatibility of various Higher Surveying techniques.
- 50. What are the applications of Higher Surveying techniques for forestry?